ADDITIONAL RECORDS AND NOTES ON THE UNIONID FAUNA OF THE GULF DRAINAGE OF ALABAMA, GEORGIA AND FLORIDA.

Herbert D. Athearn¹

Alasmidonta wrightiana (Walker) was reported by Johnson (1967) from the Ochlockonee River on the basis of a specimen he received from the Florida State Museum. I have examined the headwaters of that stream where the Forks come in (Confederate Bridge), and A. wrightiana appears to be extirpated here, perhaps, due to the extinction of its host fish. Walker's original locality, in the Apalachicola River System; "tributaries of the Flint River, Baker Co., Georgia," appears to be correct since four living specimens (which perfectly match the type figure) were collected by me from a tributary of the Flint River: Potato Creek, 3.6 km NW Thomaston, Upson Co., Georgia.

Lampsilis haddletoni Athearn was reported by Johnson (1967) only from the type locality in the Choctawhatchee River system. I have since identified specimens in my collection from the Mobile-Alabama-Coosa River System: West Fork, Sipsey River (Black Warrior River Drainage), 6.5 km W Grayson, Winston Co., Alabama (now inundated by a large reservoir) MCZ 316520 and from the Pascagoula River System:

¹ Museum of Fluviatile Mollusk, 5819 Benton Pike NE, Cleveland, TN 37323-5301

Okatibbee Creek, 2.4 km SE Hookston, Lauderdale Co., Mississippi.

Obovaria rotulata (B.H. Wright) should be placed in Fusconaia and Lampsilis jonesi Vander Schalie in Ptychobranchus (see Johnson 1967, pp. 9, 11 respectively).

LITERATURE CITED

Johnson, R.I. 1967. Additions to the unionid fauna of the Drainage of Alabama, Georgia and Florida (Mollusca:Bivalvia). Breviora, Museum of Comparative Zoology, no. 270: 21, 3 pls. (June).

ON THE PROVENANCE OF CERTAIN BOOKS IN THE DEPARTMENT OF MOLLUSKS.

Richard I. Johnson

The recent sale by the John Crerar Library of Chicago of a duplicate of Galilei, Galileo. 1632 Dialogo...sopra i due massimi sistemi del mondo Tolemico, e Copernicano...Florence, Giovanni Batista Landini, 1832, turned out to be a remarkable copy inscribed by Galileo to Zaccaria Sagredo, brother of Galileo's patron Giovanni Francesco, as well as, a previously unrecognized uncorrected first issue, obviously to the delight of the London dealer who purchased it.

This reminded me that a copy of Planci (1739) which I purchased many years ago was a sold by the British Museum even though it was inscribed and presented by the Museum's founder Hans Sloane (1660-1753), "Hansio Sloan Regiae Academeiae

Praesidi." Catherine I. Wolfe presented the extensive shell collection and library amassed by her father, Dr. John C. Jay (1808-1891) to the American Museum of Natural History, yet they disposed of his own Catalogue (1850) which was interleaved and contained his annotations, even though the book plate indicated that it was the "Wolfe Memorial Gift: Jay Library." Among duplicates sold by the library of the Museum of Comparative Zoology in 1964 was a copy of Seaside Studies by (1865) Elizabeth Cary Agassiz (1822-1907) and Alexander Agassiz (1835-1910). This was a popular book which Alexander helped his stepmother to write, and is inscribed, "A.Agassiz, Nahant, August 1865," Nahant being the summer seat of the Agassiz family. While the bookplate indicates that it was deposited by Alex. Agassiz in the library of the Museum of Comparative Zoology, it suffered the same fate as the other items mentioned. All three of these works are now in the Department of Mollusks.

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1865. Sea Side Studie in Natural History. Marine Animals of Massachusetts Bay. Radiates. pp. vi

[ii] 155, 186 text figs. Boston: Ticknor and Fields.

Jay, John C. 1850. A Catalogue of the Shells,

...Contained in the Collection of John C. Jay, M.D. Fourth Edition, pp. 460; 1852 Supplement, pp. 461-479. New York: R. Craighead.

Planci, J. [Pseud., i.e. Simon Giovanni Bianchi] 1739.

De Conchis minus notis liber cui accessit specimen aestus reciproci maris superi ad littus Portumque Arimini. pp. 88, 5 pls. Venetiis.

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